

HTML5 formatting:

Text Formatting tags

- **** - Bold text
- **** - Important text
- **<i>** - Italic text
- **<u>** - Underlined Text
- **<mark>** - Marked text
- **<small>** - Smaller text
- **** - Deleted text
- **<ins>** - Inserted text
- **<sub>** - Subscript text
- **<sup>** - Superscript text
- **** - Font Tag

HTML and

The HTML **** element defines bold text, without any extra importance. If you write anything within the **..... ** element, it is shown in bold letters.

Example:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<body>

<p>This text is normal.</p>

<p><b>This text is bold.</b></p>

</body>

</html>
```

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

This text is normal.

This text is bold.

The HTML `` element defines text with strong importance. The content inside is typically displayed in bold.

Example:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p>This text is normal.</p>
```

```
<p><strong>This text is important!</strong></p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

This text is normal.

This text is important!

HTML `<mark>` Element

The HTML `<mark>` element defines text that should be marked or highlighted.

This tag will be used to highlight the text.

Example:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Mark Text Example</title>
```

```
</head>
```

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

```
<body>
```

```
<p><mark>Hello Students</mark></p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Hello Students

HTML Italic Text

The HTML `<i>` element defines a part of text in an alternate voice or mood. The content inside is typically displayed in italic.

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Italic Text Example</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p>The following word uses an <i>italicized</i> typeface.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

The following word uses an *italicized* typeface.

HTML Underlined Text

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

Anything that appears within `<u>...</u>` element, is displayed with underline as shown below –

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

  <head>
    <title>Underlined Text Example</title>
  </head>

  <body>
    <p>The following word uses an <u>underlined</u> typeface.</p>
  </body>
</html>
```

The following word uses an underlined typeface.

HTML Smaller Text

The HTML `<small>` element defines smaller text:

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

  <head>
    <title>Small Text Example</title>
  </head>

  <body>
    <p>The following word uses a <small>small</small> typeface.</p>

  </body>
</html>
```

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

The following word uses a small typeface.

HTML Deleted Text

The HTML `` element defines text that has been deleted from a document.

Anything that appears within `...` element, is displayed as deleted text.

Example

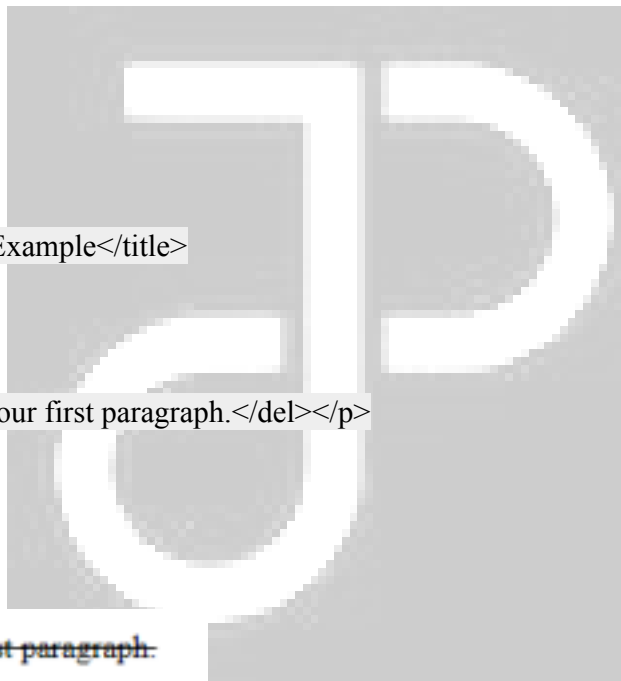
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

  <head>
    <title>Deleted Text Example</title>
  </head>

  <body>
<p>Hello <del>Delete your first paragraph.</del></p>
  </body>

</html>
```

Hello ~~Delete your first paragraph.~~



HTML `<ins>` Element

The HTML `<ins>` element defines a text that has been inserted into a document.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Inserted Text Example</title>
  </head>
```

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

```
<body>
```

```
<p>My favorite color is <del>blue</del> <ins>red</ins>.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

My favorite color is blue red.

HTML `<sup>` Element

The HTML `<sup>` element defines superscript text.

Superscript text appears half a character above the normal line, and is sometimes rendered in a smaller font. Superscript text can be used for footnotes, like WWW_[1]:

The content of a `^{...}` element is written in superscript; the font size used is the same size as the characters surrounding it but is displayed half a character's height above the other characters.

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Superscript Text Example</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p>The following word uses a <sup>superscript</sup> typeface.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

```
</html>
```

The following word uses a ^{superscript} typeface.

HTML <sub> Element

The HTML <sub> element defines subscript text.

Subscript text appears half a character below the normal line, and is sometimes rendered in a smaller font. Subscript text can be used for chemical formulas, like H₂O:

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Subscript Text Example</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<p>The following word uses a <sub>subscript</sub> typeface.</p>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

The following word uses a _{subscript} typeface.

HTML Tag

HTML tag is used to define the font style for the text contained within it. It defines the font size, color, and face or the text in an HTML document.

Example:-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

Notes by :- [JPWebDevelopers](#)

```
<head>
<title>Font Tag</title>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Example of font tag</h2>
<p>This is normal text without any font styling</p>
<p>
  <font color="blue">Text with normal size and default face</font>
</p>
<p>
  <font size="5" color="green">Text with Increased size and default face</font>
</p>
<p>
  <font color="red" face="cursive">Text with Changed face</font>
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Example of font tag

This is normal text without any font styling

Text with normal size and default face

Text with Increased size and default face

Text with Changed face